

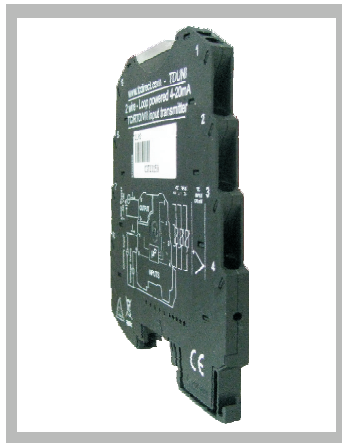
EN TDUNI

Universal isolated transmitter with 2 wire - loop powered

Installation Manual

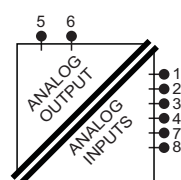
Contents:

- General specifications
- Technical features
- Diagram: Load resistance vs minimum functioning voltage.
- Installation / Connections rules
- Electrical connections
- Table: Input range and accuracy of measure
- Factory settings and advanced settings.



Voltage (mV) input	
Input impedance	10 MΩ
Input range	-150 ..150 mV
Voltage (V) input	
Input impedance	200 kΩ
Input range	-30 ..30 Vdc
Current input	
Input impedance	40 Ω
Input range	-24 ..24 mA
Environmental condition	
Operating temperature	-20 ..+65°C
Humidity	30 ..90% a 40°C non condensing
Storage temperature	-20 ..+85°C
degree protection	IP20
Connections	
Connections	8 Spring terminals
Dimensions / Box	
Dimensions	L: 93 mm; H: 102,5 mm; W: 6,2 mm
Box	PBT, Black

Isolation 1500 V



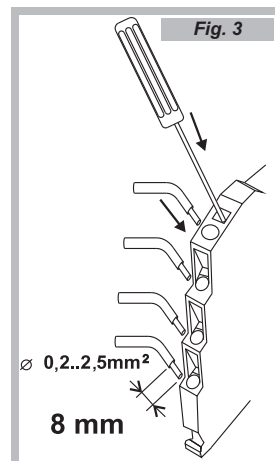
Standards

The module is conforming to the following regulations:

- EN61000-6-4/2002** (Electromagnetic emission, industrial environment).
- EN61000-6-2/2006** (Electromagnetic immunity, industrial environment).
- EN61010-1/2001** (safety). All circuits must be isolated from the other circuits under dangerous voltage with double isolation. The power supply transformer must comply with EN60742 "isolated transformers and safety transformers".

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE FOR USE:
Use in environment with 2 or less pollution degree.

Connections with spring terminals



The module has been designed for spring-type terminal electrical connections: Proceed as follows to make the connections:

- 1) Strip the cables by 0.8 mm.
- 2) Insert a screwdriver in the square hole and press it until the cable lock spring opens..
- 3) Insert the cable in the round hole.
- 4) Remove the screwdriver and make sure that the cable is tightly fastened in the terminal.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Input

Description

The signal input may come from thermocouple J, K, R, S, T, B, E, N (EN 60584) sensors or RTD (thermoresistance) like Pt100, Ni100, Pt500, Pt1000. TDUNI besides can read voltages in V and mV, current in mA, and resistances.

For the maximum performance it's recommended to use a shielded cable.

See Fig. 4 below for input connections.

TABLE: INPUT RANGE AND ACCURACY OF MEASURE

	Input	Range	Calibration error	EMI	Minimum Span	Resolution	Standard
Thermocouple	J	-210..1200 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	50 °C	5 μV	EN 60584
	K	-200..1372 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	50 °C	5 μV	EN 60584
	R	-50..1768 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	100 °C	5 μV	EN 60584
	S	-50..1768 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	100 °C	5 μV	EN 60584
	T	-200..400 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	50 °C	5 μV	EN 60584
	B	0..1820 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	100 °C	5 μV	EN 60584
	E	-200..1000 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	50 °C	5 μV	EN 60584
N	-200..1300 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	50 °C	5 μV	EN 60584	
RTD	Ni100	-60..250 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	20 °C	6 mΩ	DIN 43760
	Pt100	-200..650 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	20 °C	6 mΩ	EN 60751
	Pt500	-200..650 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	20 °C	28 mΩ	
	Pt1000	-200..200 °C	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	20 °C	28 mΩ	
Voltage	mV	-150..150 mV	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	2,5 mV	5 μV	
Potent.	Ω		0,1 %	< 0,5 %	10 %	0.0015 %	
Resist.	Ω	0..400 Ω	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	10 Ω	6 mΩ	
Resist.	Ω	0..1760 Ω	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	10 %	28 mΩ	
Voltage	V	-30 ..30 Vdc	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	0,5 V	~ 1 mV	
Current	mA	-24 ..24 mA	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	0,5 mA	~ 1 μA	

Table of accuracy measure: The greater of the sum of (A+B) and C

Input type	A : % of measure	B : % of span	C : Minimum
Thermocouple J,K,T,N,E	0.05 %	0.05 %	0.5 °C
Thermocouple B, R, S	0.05 %	0.05 %	1 °C
RTD	0.05 %	0.05 %	0.1 °C
Resistance F.S. = 400 Ω	0.05 %	0.05 %	40 mΩ
Resistance F.S. = 1760 Ω	0.05 %	0.05 %	200 mΩ
Voltage mV	0.05 %	0.05 %	15 μV
Potentiometer	0.05 %	0.05 %	3 mV
Voltage V	0.05 %	0.05 %	3 mV
Current	0.05 %	0.05 %	2 μA

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Conversion and transmission of the input read into a normalized signal current in the output for the loop 4 ..20 mA that is connected with 2 wire connection.
- Thermocouple input J, K, R, S, T, B, E, N (EN 60584).
- RTD input (PT100 - 500 - 1000) with 2, 3 or 4 wire connections.
- Voltage input ± 30 V.
- Voltage input ± 150 mV
- Current input ± 24 mA.
- Potentiometer input with resistance between 500 Ω and 10 KΩ.
- Resistance input up to 1760 Ω.
- High precision.
- 16-bit measurement conversion.
- Response time (voltage and current input) : < 140 ms
- Response time (other inputs) : < 620 ms
- 1500 Vac output isolation.
- Compact size 93 x 102,5 x 6,2 mm.

DIAGRAM: LOAD RESISTANCE VS MINIMUM FUNCTIONING VOLTAGE

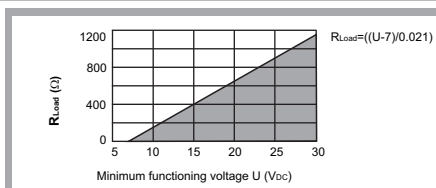


Fig. 1

INSTALLATION / CONNECTIONS RULES

Installation on DIN46277 rail

The module is designed to be installed, in vertical position, on DIN 46277 rail. For the best module performance and duration, avoid to place cables raceways and other objects that could obstruct the ventilation. Never install the modules near heat sources. The module installation is advised in the bottom of the control panel.

Inserting the module in the rail

Removing the module from the rail

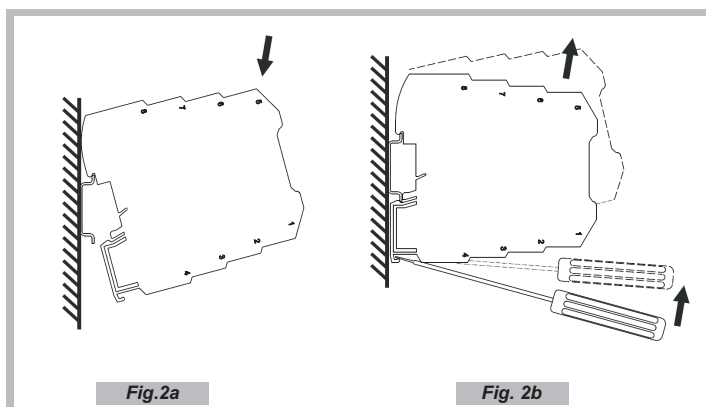


Fig.2a

Fig. 2b

- 1) Attach the module in the upper part of the rail (as shown in the picture 2a).
- 2) Press the module downwards.

- 1) Apply leverage using a screwdriver (as shown in the picture 2b)
- 2) Rotate the module upwards.

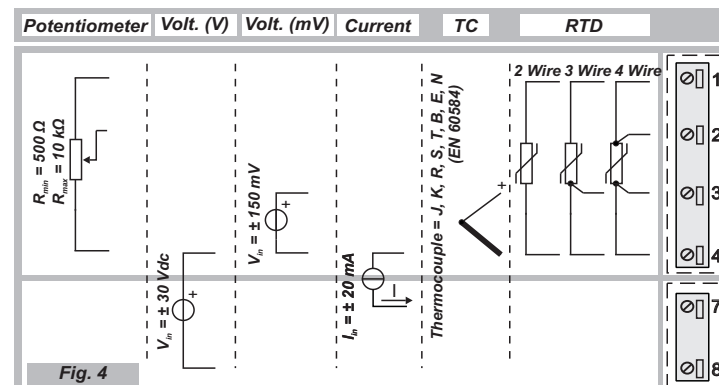


Fig. 4

RTD 2 wire connection

This connection can be used for short distances (< 10 m) between module and probe, you should be note that it adds an error (which may be removed by software programming) equivalent to the resistance contributed by the connection cables to the measurement. The module must be programmed by PC for 2 wires connection

RTD 3 wire connection

This connection can be used for medium-long distances (> 10 m) between module and probe. The instrument performs compensation for the resistance of the connection cables. For a correct compensation the resistance values of each conductors must be the same. The module must be programmed by PC for 3 wires connection.

RTD 4 wire connection

This connection can be used for medium-long distances (> 10 m) between module and probe. Provides the maximum precision because the instrument measures the resistance of the sensor independently of the resistance of the connection cables. The module must be programmed by PC for 4 wires connection.

Output and power supply from loop 4 ..20 mA

Current Loop connection (regulated current). The use of shielded cables is recommended for the electronic connections.

Note: in order to reduce the instrument's dissipation, we recommend guaranteeing a load of >250 Ω to the current output.

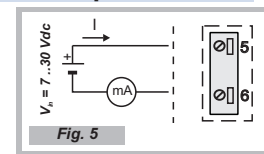


Fig. 5

Table: Output signal limit / fault or over-range

Output signal limit	Over-range / ± 2,5 %	Fault ± 5 %
20 mA	20,4 mA	21 mA
4 mA	3,6 mA	< 3,4 mA

FACTORY SETTINGS AND ADVANCED SETTINGS

Factory settings

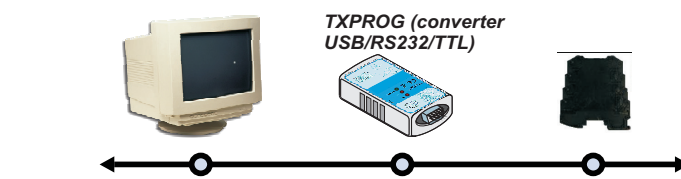
- Cold junction compensation: YES.
- Input filter: DISABLE.
- Reversed output: NO.
- TC Type: K.
- Measurement range start: 0°C.
- Measurement full-scale: 1000 °C.
- Output signal in case of fault: Towards the top of the output range.
- Over-range: YES, at 2,5% over-range values is acettable, at 5% over-range value is considered a fault.

Advanced setting

- Start scale and full scale.
- RTD: 2 wire, 3 wire, 4 wire connections.
- Measure filter: Enable / Disable
- Output: Normal (4 ..20 mA) or reversed (20 ..4 mA).
- Input type.
- Cable resistance compensation for 2 wires measurement.
- Output signal in case of fault: towards the bottom of the output range or towards the top of the output range
- Over-range: NO (the fault alone causes a 2,5% over range value) or YES (a 2,5 over-range value is acceptable a 5 % over range value is considered a fault).
- Cold junction compensation: YES/NO.

Software configuration

The configuration by PC use (see the drawing below) is possible with the following accessories



Variations of standard parameters are possible by using configuration softwares.

Disposal of Electrical & Electronic Equipment (Applicable throughout the European Union and other European countries with separate collections programs). This symbol, found on your product or on its packaging, indicates that this product should not be treated as household waste when you wish to dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical & electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about the recycling of the product, please contact your local city office, waste disposal service of the retail store where you purchased this product.